- (c) Cooking systems using Chapter 6 of NFPA 302 as the standard must meet the following additional requirements:
- (1) The storage or use of CNG containers within the accommodation area, machinery spaces, bilges, or other enclosed spaces is prohibited;
- (2) LPG or CNG must be odorized in accordance with ABYC A-1 appendix 4 or A-22 appendix 4, respectively;
- (3) The marking and mounting of LPG cylinders must be in accordance with ABYC A-1 appendix 7; and
- (4) LPG cylinders must be of the vapor withdrawal type as specified in ABYC A-1 section 1.7.
- (d) Continuous pilot lights or automatic glow plugs are prohibited for an LGP or CNG installation using ABYC A-1 or A-22 as the standard.
- (e) CNG installation using ABYC A-22 as the standard must meet the following additional requirements:
- (1) The storage or use of CNG containers within the accommodation area, machinery spaces, bilges, or other enclosed spaces is prohibited;
- (2) CNG cylinders, regulating equipment, and safety equipment must meet the installation, stowage, and testing requirements of paragraph 6–5.12 of NFPA 302.
- (3) The use or stowage of stoves with attached CNG cylinders is prohibited as specified in paragraph 6–5.1 of NFPA 302.
- (f) If the fuel supply line of an LPG or CNG system enters an enclosed space on the vessel, a remote shutoff valve must be installed that can be operated from a position adjacent to the appliance. The valve must be located between the fuel tank and the point where the fuel supply line enters the enclosed portion of the vessel. A power operated valve installed to meet this requirement must be of a type that will fail closed.
- (g) The following variances from ABYC A-1 section 1.12 are allowed for CNG:
- (1) The storage locker or housing access opening need not be in the top.
- (2) The locker or housing need not be above the waterline.
- (h) The following variances from NFPA 302 are allowed:
- (1) The storage locker or housing for CNG tank installations need not be

above the waterline as required by paragraph 6-5.12.1.1(a);

(2) Ignition protection need not be provided as required by paragraph 6-5.4

NOTE TO §184.240: The ABYC and NFPA standards referenced in this section require the posting of placards containing safety precautions for gas cooking systems.

[CGD 85–080, 61 FR 1002, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended by USCG–2000–7790, 65 FR 58465, Sept. 29, 2000]

## Subpart C—Mooring and Towing Equipment

# §184.300 Ground tackle and mooring lines.

A vessel must be fitted with ground tackle and mooring lines necessary for the vessel to be safely anchored or moored. The ground tackle and mooring lines provided must be satisfactory for the size of the vessel, the waters on which the vessel operates, subject to the approval of the cognizant OCMI.

## **Subpart D—Navigation Equipment**

## §184.402 Compasses.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section every vessel must be fitted with a suitable magnetic compass designed for marine use, to be mounted at the primary operating station.
- (b) The following vessels need not be fitted with a compass:
  - (1) A vessel on a rivers route;
  - (2) A non-self propelled vessel; and
- (3) A vessel operating on short restricted routes on lakes, bays, and sounds.
- (c) Except on a vessel limited to daytime operations, the compass must be illuminated

#### § 184.404 Radars.

- (a) A vessel must be fitted with a Federal Communications Commission (FCC) type accepted general marine radar system for surface navigation with a radar screen mounted at the primary operating station if:
  - (1) The vessel is self-propelled;
- (2) The vessel has an oceans, coastwise, limited coastwise, or Great Lakes route; and

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- (3) The vessel carries more than 49 passengers.
- (b) A ferry that carries more than 49 passengers on a rivers route not within one mile of land must be fitted with a FCC Type Accepted general marine radar system for surface navigation with a radar screen mounted at the primary operating station.
- (c) The radar and its installation must be suitable for the intended speed and route of the vessel.
- (d) A vessel operated on a short restricted route need not be fitted with a radar if the cognizant OCMI determines that a radar is not necessary due to the vessel's route and local weather conditions.

## § 184.410 Electronic position fixing devices

A vessel on an oceans route must be equipped with an electronic position fixing device, capable of providing accurate fixes for the area in which the vessel operates, to the satisfaction of the cognizant OCMI.

[CGD 85–080, 61 FR 1002, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 51358, Sept. 30, 1997]

## §184.420 Charts and nautical publica-

- (a) As appropriate for the intended voyage, a vessel must carry adequate and up-to-date:
- (1) Charts of large enough scale to make safe navigation possible;
- (2) U.S. Coast Pilot or similar publication;
  - (3) Coast Guard Light List;
  - (4) Tide tables; and
- (5) Current tables, or a river current publication issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or a river authority.
- (b) Extracts from the publications listed above for the areas to be transited may be provided instead of the complete publication.

[CGD 85–080, 61 FR 1002, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 51358, Sept. 30, 1997]

### Subpart E—Radio

# § 184.502 Requirements of the Federal Communications Commission.

A vessel must comply with the applicable requirements for any radio and Electronic Position Indicating Radio-

beacon (EPIRB) installations, including the requirements for a station license and installation certificates to be issued by the Federal Communications Commission, as set forth in 47 CFR part 80.

# § 184.506 Emergency broadcast placard.

A durable placard must be posted next to all radiotelephone installations with the emergency broadcast instructions and information, specific to the individual vessel.

[CGD 85-080, 61 FR 1002, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 51358, Sept. 30, 1997]

# § 184.510 Recommended emergency broadcast instructions.

The following emergency broadcast instructions, when placed on a placard, will satisfy the requirement contained in §184.506 for an emergency broadcast placard:

- (a) Emergency Broadcast Instructions.
- (1) Make sure your radiotelephone is on.
- (2) Select 156.8 MHz (channel 16 VHF) or 2182 kHz. (Channel 16 VHF and 2182 kHz on SSB are for emergency and calling purposes only.)
- (3) Press microphone button and, speaking slowly—clearly—calmly, say:
- (i) "MAYDAY—MAYDAY—MAYDAY" for situations involving Immediate Danger to Life and Property; or
- (ii) "PAN—PAN—PAN" for urgent situations where there is No Immediate Danger to Life or Property.
- (4) Say: "THIS IS (INSERT VESSEL'S NAME), (INSERT VESSEL'S NAME), (INSERT VESSEL'S NAME), (INSERT VESSEL'S CALL SIGN), OVER."
- (5) Release the microphone button briefly and listen for acknowledgment. If no one answers, repeat steps 3 & 4.
- (6) If there is no acknowledgment, or if the Coast Guard or another vessel responds, say: "MAYDAY" OR "PAN", (INSERT VESSEL'S NAME)."
- (7) DESCRIBE YOUR POSITION using latitude and longitude coordinates, or range and bearing from a known point.
- (8) STATE THE NATURE OF THE DISTRESS.